

Information Assets to Support Transportation Decision Making: A Peer Exchange of State Transportation Organizations

Transportation Information Assets: Review of Data Applications from States

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TRB Initiative's Objectives

- To support SAFETEA-LU-mandated policy study:
 - Understand role of data / information for decision making (Planning, operations management, priority setting and resource allocation...)
 - Assess information needs
 - Provided basis for ensuring information for transportation decision making
- Transportation Information Needs Policy Study not begun



Not a pleasure cruise



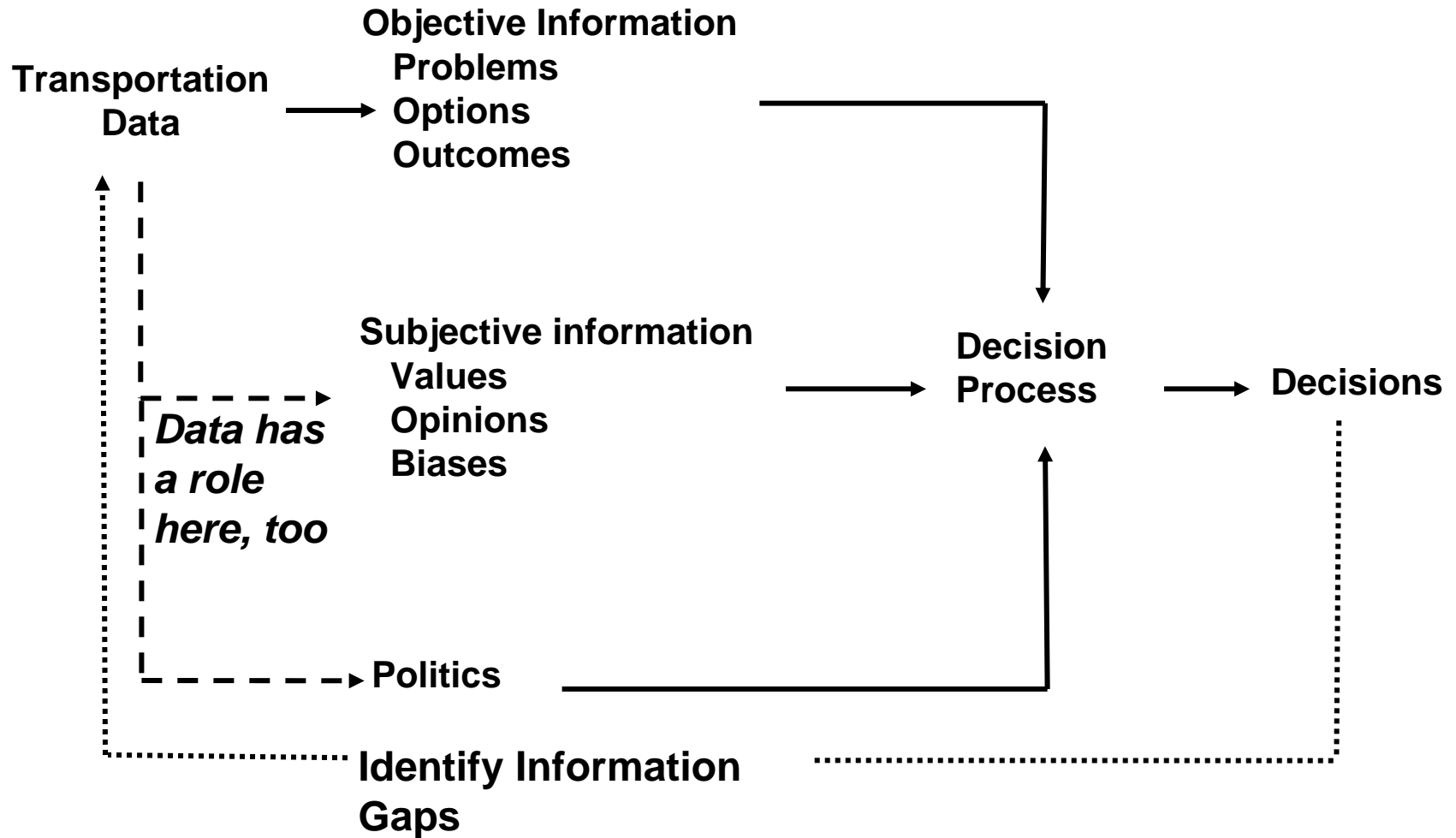
Serious volunteer effort!

Approach

- Survey TRB 144 Technical Committees
 - Data needs (650+)
 - Examples – where data made a difference
 - Organize and interpret
 - TRB Electronic Circular 109 December 2006
- Interview decision makers
 - Interpret results
- TRB meetings: July, January
- Congressional testimony
- Organize peer exchange
- Engage American Assoc. State Highway and Transportation Officials



Data and Decision-Making



Information Needs - TRB Committees

- Data Needs
 - National, regional, and local needs identified, including both physical condition and operational performance issues:
 - Real-time performance, traveler perceptions, spatially defined network inventory, land-use, population, employment, evaluations (infrastructure investments and policy changes)
- Other Information Needs
 - Analytical procedures and tools, data access, best practices
- Attributes of Good Data
 - Quality (trustworthy), recent, routine, available, broad coverage
- Data & information are assets of transportation systems

Decision Makers Views of Information

- Data and information are important to decision makers
 - Decisions will be made (with ***or without*** data)
 - Identifies/confirms problems
 - Mitigates political influence on transportation decisions
- Information Needs for Today's Decisions
 - Demographic trends
 - Infrastructure condition
 - Traffic volumes
 - System performance
 - Outcomes of past actions (basis for learning for the future)
 - Forecasts? Some are uncertain about these
- Key Information Attributes
 - Timely, responsive, meaningful, simple, concise

Current System State

Main Findings

- Data is an asset of transportation system – contributes value, requires money, time and commitment
- Good decisions (informed decisions) – the hallmark of an effective information program
- Decisions will be made... data that is “in the bank” is used
- Critical need for essential national, sustained databases
 - Support both national and local uses
- Analysis and communication “stretches” and improves data and procedures
- Still need improved tools, procedures, presentation approaches

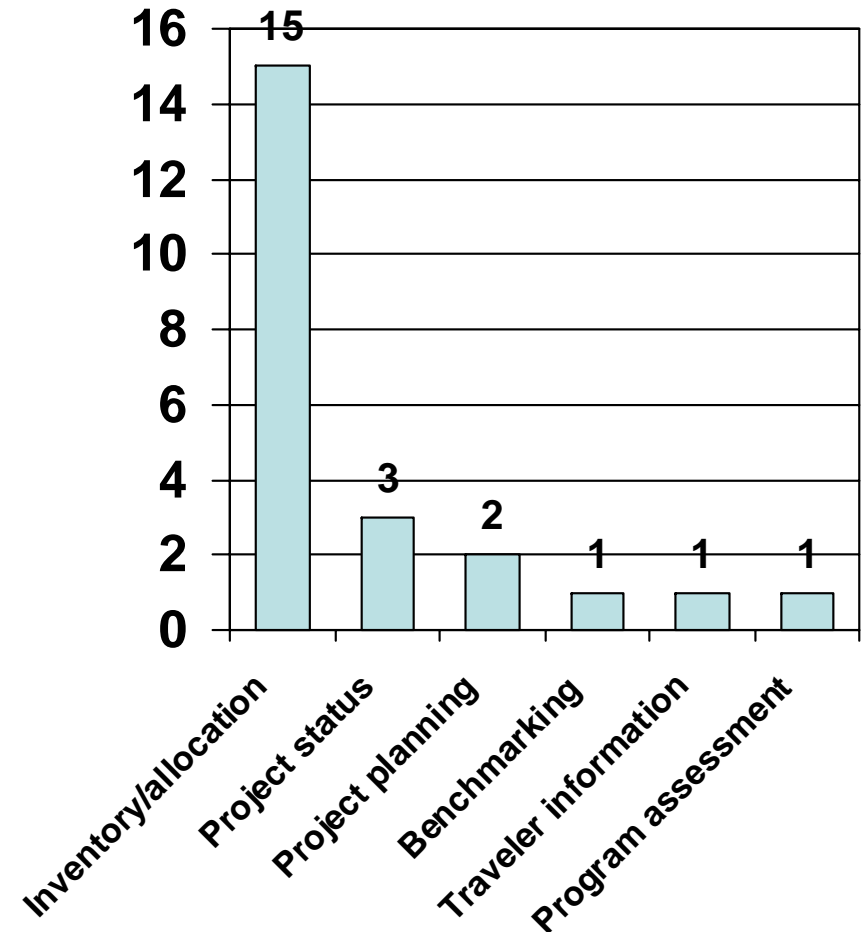
Still More Main Findings

- Partnerships – Public/public & public/private – are growing
 - Broad agreements, not just single efforts or projects
- Data sharing, data borrowing are common
 - Sharing data extends its value
 - Argues for commonality, documentation, availability
- Technology – changing procedures & institutions
- Technology and Partnerships are improving data acquisition efficiency

Peer Exchange Examples

Information Support for Decision Making

- Participant inputs – starting point for discussions
- Convenience sample
 - Kansas, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, New Mexico, Nevada, Virginia, Vermont
 - 23 examples
- Six types **NEXT**→
 - Inventory, condition & regular resource allocation
 - Project status monitoring & management
 - General project planning
 - Bench marking
 - Traveler information
 - Program impact assessment



Examples – Information for Decision Making

- Inventory & allocation
 - Asset inventory, condition, performance & outcome data
 - Identify problems, find solutions, set priorities, allocate resources
 - SSD, guard rails, pavement condition, bike routes, real time performance, ADA compliance, crash data integration
 - Data driven resource allocation: **DDRA**
- Project status monitoring & management
 - Project data dashboard, environmental data
- General project planning
 - Data for project scoping
- Bench marking
 - Staff salaries
- Traveler information (real time)
- Program Impact Assessment
 - Connect program investments to economic development

Attributes of Useful Data...

- **Objective**
 - Condition measures vs what we did last year, or “fair share” allocations
 - What’s really happening – project status (& accountability)
 - Reality over myths, beliefs (program impacts, project effectiveness)
- **Detailed**
 - Location, conditions, performance, problems
- **Accessible**
 - Readily and by multiple users: computer based, consistent interpretation and decision, all on same page
- **Timely** (*i.e.*, current)
- **Integrated**
 - One stop shopping, multiple related measures on one place
- **Efficient**
 - Use data at hand, multiple uses of same data

Surprises in Participant Examples?

- No use of national data bases?
- Are most problems local?
- Or are these just convenient examples?
- Is making wise use of local data the most cost-effective way to deploy data for good purposes?
- Where do national databases come into play
- These are under stress right now – we do need to protect

Meeting Your Data & Information Needs



Hunting for the Right Data



Bridging Data Gaps

- Decisions & Data
 - Relationships & trends
- Data producers views of Customers
 - Who are they? What do they need?
- Data users on data resources
 - How well are you served
 - Where do you turn?
- Data gaps and ways to bridge them
 - Responsibilities
 - Resources
- Making the case for needed data
- Roles for states, national organizations
- Bringing it together – what do we do next?